Climate Change and Human Health Literature Portal

National Institute of
Environmental Health Sciences

Partners in clime': Sustainable development and climate change--What can the National Health Service do?

Abstract:

Climate change is arguably the biggest threat to health in the medium and long term. Necessary responses to this threat include adaptation, i.e. preparing to respond to the consequences of climate change, of which there are many in respect of health; and mitigation, i.e. reducing the activities that lead to climate change and, in particular, reducing the levels of greenhouse gas emissions, the most significant of which is carbon.

Source: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.puhe.2008.10.030

Resource Description

Exposure : ☒

weather or climate related pathway by which climate change affects health

Extreme Weather Event, Food/Water Quality, Temperature, Unspecified Exposure

> **Extreme Weather Event:** Flooding

> **Temperature:** Extreme Heat, Fluctuations

Geographic Feature: ☒

resource focuses on specific type of geography

None or Unspecified

Geographic Location: ☒

resource focuses on specific location

Non-United States

> **Non-United States:** Europe

> > **European Region/Country:** European Country

> > **Other European Country :** United Kingdom

Health Impact: ☒

specification of health effect or disease related to climate change exposure

Mental Health/Stress, Morbidity/Mortality

Mental Health Effect/Stress: Other Mental Disorder

Medical Community Engagement: ☒

resource focus on how the medical community discusses or acts to address health impacts of climate change

A focus of content

Mitigation/Adaptation: ☒

mitigation or adaptation strategy is a focus of resource

Adaptation, Mitigation

Resource Type: ☒

format or standard characteristic of resource

Policy/Opinion

Timescale: ☒

time period studied

Time Scale Unspecified

Vulnerability/Impact Assessment: ☒

resource focus on process of identifying, quantifying, and prioritizing vulnerabilities in a system

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